BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY BOUTELLE & BURR. BANGOR, ME., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 14, 1875. VOLUME XLII---NUMBER 114.

BANGOR

Daily Whig and Courier.

PUBLISHED MORNING

At No. 1 East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BY

BOUTELLE & BURR.

C. A. BOUTELLE. HENRY A. BURR.

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Business Cards.

Cotchell & Leighton,
HOUSE AND SHIP
PLUMBERS,
29 Central St., Bangor.
Plumbing of all kinds done to order, and a large assortment of Plumbing Materials constantly on hand.
Particular attention paid to TIN ROOFING and JOBBING. 6m24

PLUMBING.
J. P. GOULD, for so long time in the tin roofing and plumbing business in Bangor, wishes to announce to the public that he is now prepared to carry on PLUMBING in connection with his other work, and invites their patronage. He will give estimates for Plumbing for public and private buildings of every description.
Orders received at 17 Exchange St. may9

PICTURE FRAMES
made to order. New Mouldings just received.
C. W. CHANDLER,
Corner of Exchange and Main Sts. Photographer, No. 4 Main St.

TAGS DENNISON'S Patent Tags
FOR SALE at this OFFICE.
Will print them at a very low figure.
Bangor, July 23, 1873

PROVINCE HOUSE
ON HOLBROOK PLAN.
163 Washington street and 11 Province Court,
(Opposite Old South Church), Boston.
G. A. COWAN, Prop'r.
(Late of Parks House.)
This House recently opened, throughout with new furniture. Rooms by the day or week 25 cents and $1.00 per day. 1 August

A NEW SENSATION!
The Champoo Bath,
One of the greatest luxuries of the age. Price 50 cents. At the Bathing Rooms,
31 Central Street.
Also, Hot and Cold Water and Vapor Baths.
may5

FILES------FILES.

NOW IS THE TIME
To sharpen up and get ready for business. I have on hand
1000 Dozen Files
And I am finishing off 100 Dozen per week, which I am selling at
The Lowest Prices;
and will warrant them equal to any imported.
☞ Call and see them.
Old Files Re-Cut, as usual.
JOB COLLETT, - - - Exchange St.
Jan1

CLOTHES WRINGERS
and old wringers repaired. Nos. 3 and 4 State St.
sept28 W. H. PRITCHARD.

Slate Quarry Machinery,
including Derricks, Friction Whimsey, Cutters, &c. Also, New and Second Hand Steam
ENGINES & BOILERS,
High, Single, Multey and Circular Saw Mills, Parallel Gang Edgers, Lath, Shingle, Clapboard and Spring Machines, Water Wheels, Bark Mills, and Tannery Machinery, manufactured and for sale by
HINKLEY AND DILLEY IRON COMPANY,
Oak St., Bangor, Me.
feb1

IN BANKRUPTCY.

By virtue of an order from the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine, the second and third per messe dates of the creditors to George Jose, individually and as member of the firm of Bowen & Jose, will be held at the Bankrupt Court Room, in Bangor, in said District, on the third day of May, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., before Charles Hamlin, Esq., Register, for the purposes named in the twenty seventh and twenty eighth sections of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

H. L. MITCHELL, Assignee.
Bangor, April 19, 1875. 3w17

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of GEORGE MAYO, Bankrupt.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

It is to give notice that a Petition has been presented to the Court, this 7th day of May, 1875, by George Mayo, of Rockland, in said District, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said Petition,—

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the 31st Monday of July, A. D. 1875, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that the third meeting of the creditors of said Bankrupt be held before Chas. Hamlin, Esq., Register, on the 30th day of May, 1875, and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and that a copy hereof be mailed to Prescott Reed, a creditor named in said Petition, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

Witness, the Hon. LYNDE HARRIMAN, Clerk of District Court for said District.

Clerk of District Court for said District.
may10 d&w3w

Notice of Assignees of their Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In the matter of JOHN E. HAMMOND, of Lisbon, in said District, a bankrupt.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Bangor, the ninth day of May, A. D. 1875. This is to give notice that a warrant for the appointment of the undersigned as assignees of the estate of said bankrupt, has been issued by said District Court, and that the undersigned have taken upon themselves the trust of Assignees of the estate of said bankrupt, and have given bond as the law directs. All persons having claims against the estate of said bankrupt are required to present the same to us, and all persons who are indebted to the estate of said bankrupt are required to make payment to us, and those who have any property belonging to said bankrupt are required to deliver the same to us, at our place of business in said Lisbon.

DANIEL P. DAVIS,
GEORGE A. LADD,
Assignees.
may10 3w19

Real Estate.

For Rent.
A small Cottage House, situated one mile from Brewer Bridge, on the river road. Hard and soft water, and good barn. Enquire at this office. dec10

Tenement for Rent.
On Third street. Enquire of
WM. ARNOLD
nov20

For Rent!
Tenement No. 45, Fourth Street. Enquire of J. R. HOLT, at Merchant Nat'l Bank.
jan1

WHARF
—AND—
STOREHOUSES
TO LET!
With the good will of an established COAL HOUSE, which is yearly increasing. The wharf is situated in Ashworth, Maine, next to Grant's Ship Yard, and has a large storehouse on it suitable for general storage, also two Coal Sheds, all in good order. This is a rare chance for any one to commence a good business with a small capital. The Wharf contains about 1½ acres, and pays a large yearly income for wharfage and storage. The above property will be let for a term of years at a reasonable rate. For further particulars enquire of
BACON & HUCKINS,
apr19 SMAW tf BANGOR, ME.

Residence for Sale!
IN BRUNSWICK, MAINE.
The subscriber offers for sale his pleasant and desirable residence, situated on Pleasant street, consisting of a three-story house, with convenient outbuildings, lot of land. The house was built two years since, and is arranged for two families throughout. Has a bath room with ample closet room, hot and cold water, furnace, etc., on second floor, convenient for a house with well and large cistern in attic, with an excellent heating apparatus, within a few rods of the centre of the village. This is one of the most desirable locations in Brunswick for a family desiring the best of educational advantages for their children, the Brunswick schools being of the highest character. The house is now occupied by a family who will leave on the 30th day of April, when the premises will be sold to the highest bidder. Inquire of the subscriber, or of Messrs. Stanwood & Simpson, Brunswick.
MRS. L. A. BOUTELLE.
1875

Stable and First-class Brick House for Sale.
Stable, with Rooms, &c., the latter containing all the modern improvements, such as Bath Rooms, &c., the latter being the residence of Webster Treat, Esq., now in California, with all the farm tools, Carriages, Harness, &c. Lot 100 by 150, with Grape Vines and other fruits, and all ready for immediate occupancy. Apply to J. HANSONS, No. 193 Hammond st.
April 7

Farm for Sale
In Enfield, known as the Scammons place, situated on the river road 6 miles below Lincoln Village, good house and barn, 100 acres land. Will be sold cheap and on good terms, "cheaper for cash." Apply to F. E. Nye, Lincoln, J. M. Spencer near the premises, or to
HORACE HAYNES,
E. Ex. Co's Messenger E. & N. A. Railway.
April 13, 1874. TuThSw tf 15

For Sale or Rent.
The subscribers offer for sale, or will lease for a term of years their Saw Mill and Sash and Blind Shop, situated on the side of the Androscoggin, 1 mile from the depot in Brunswick, Me.
The water power is unfailing. The machinery consists of Circular Saw, Clapboard, Shingle and Lath machines, Planers, Boring machine for Lathe, and complete sets of machinery for Sash, Blinds, Doors, and general Wood work. Also one 50 horse power Tubular Boiler. The Mills are of three stories, 72 by 40 feet, with additions on the ground floor.
Will sell or lease the Mill and machinery, in whole or part, separately or together. Persons wishing to engage in any manufacturing business will do well to examine the premises.
COLBY, CHANEY & SMITH.
March

For Rent.
A nice COTTAGE HOUSE, on Third St. Rent moderate. Apply to J. A. CROWELL, 42 Main street. colf1 apr28

House for Rent.
The westerly tenement of House No. 6 Cumberland Street, now occupied by J. T. Jones, Esq., will be for rent after May 1st.
apr24 tf E. S. FARRAR.

Farm for Sale
In Orono, known as the McPhetres Farm, about one mile from the village, thirty acres of good land, good two tenement house, good barn, 40 feet scaldo, well watered.
Apply to GIDEON MAYO, of Orono, or C. W. MAYO, F. & N. A. R. feb10

Desirable House for Sale,
Or to Let if not Sold Soon.
No. 25 Centre St. Large lot, 82 by 122. Garden well stocked with Fruits and Flowers. An inexhaustible spring of pure water. Desirable for a business man's residence, being near the business centres. Apply at the house, or
C. SMART.
March 17 tf

House for Sale.
Residence of the late Joshua Lane, No. 31 Essex Street, with Stable and Garden. For particulars enquire of JOHN LANE, Summer street.
apr12 tf

For Rent.
A convenient Tenement, No. 81, on Ohio st. Also some convenient rooms at 71 Birch St. Apply to J. T. SAWYER, or JOHN BADE, No. 14 Main Street. apr14 tf

Wanted.
To communicate with some person who is desirous of purchasing a good Hotel in this city, which is quite near the business portion of the city. Address Box 991, Bangor Post Office. tf jlyl

For Sale.
House No. 6, Davis Street; lot 60 by 114. Price $3,000. If not sold within a short time, part of the house will be rented to a small family.
June7

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!
—AT THE—
Bangor Bazaar.
A large lot of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
selling at wonderful low prices.
Ladies' and Children's HOSE, Lacy stripes and plain, from 10 cents upwards.
CORSETS, BUTTONS, TIES, COLLARS, AND CUFFS, and NOVELTIES of all kinds.
BACK COMBS, BELTS.
Madam Foy's CORSETS, Jacqueline, Marchioness, Hip Gore, and all the most popular makes, at prices as low as the lowest.
A large assortment of PEARL BUTTONS, from 25 cents to 60 cents a dozen.
KID AND LISLE THREAD GLOVES.
TOYS of all kinds.
Please call and examine before you buy.
BANGOR BAZAAR,
apr12 Bangor, Maine.

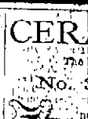
J. H. CLERGUE

Wig-Maker and wholesale and retail dealer in Human hair goods, No. 72 Main st., Bangor. Combings made into switches, and old hair of every description repaired. Orders can be sent by mail. A Silken Wig, a new stock of Wigs & Whiskers, for the trade. Also, a new book of Hair Jewelry, with 14 STRANDS OF HAIR FREE. Sent on receipt of 25 cents. Address as above. 3m14

AN ADDED TRUTH CONFIRMED!
HULLESS OATS!
For sale in Bangor at the Store of
W. H. DUNTHON
No. 1 Kenduskeag Bridge.

CERAMIC ART.

The latest Styles to be seen at
No. 3, Main Street,



JUST ARRIVED! The New Dinner Service, in HIGH COLORS, new and elegant designs, various patterns, and unique shapes, and consisting of 200 pieces, imported direct from the Portland Potteries, for the Spring Trade.
Also, a large Stock of GOLD BAND & WHITE FRENCH CHINA WARE, in quantities to suit, with a full stock of PARISIAN WHITE GRANITE, and COMMON WARE, and a complete assortment of every thing pertaining to my line, especially in FANCY & FRENCH BRONZE GOODS, suitable for anniversary and bridal gifts.
These goods are all of our own direct importation at the lowest cash value, and will be sold at corresponding low rates.
J. S. RICKER & CO.
Bangor, April 15, 1875.

TO BE SOLD FOR A LITTLE MONEY.
Harness & Phaeton.
Enquire at DURRIN'S BOOKSTORE.
apr20

OIL, OIL, OIL!

ATLANTIC OIL CO.,
32 BROAD STREET, BANGOR, ME.,
Would respectfully give notice that they are prepared to sell at WHOLESALE the best grades of KEROSENE and LUBRICATING Oil, at prices that defy competition, delivered in Bangor.
All goods warranted to be as represented or may be returned at our expense.
OUR ATLANTIC KEROSENE OIL is 150° fire test.
OUR IMPERIAL KEROSENE OIL is 175° fire test.
OUR LARD OIL is pure and unadulterated.
OUR NATIVE BLACK OILS are very old and free from grit.
OUR LUBRICATING OILS generally are first class.
OUR PRICES are the Lowest.
OUR PACKAGES are redeemed in Bangor.
OUR AXLE OIL & GREASE can't be beat.
ATLANTIC OIL CO., Bangor, Me.,
To whom all orders should be addressed.
apr2 3m

WOODBINE COTTAGE,
Kenduskeag,
Will be open to the public until notice is given by the Proprietor to the contrary.
E. GARLAND.
nov10 tf

USE THE BEST!
Hall, Bradley & Co.'s
CELEBRATED PURE
WHITE LEAD,
AND
French White Zinc,
At Lowest Prices.
Frank M. Rowe,
131 EXCHANGE STREET,
Sole Agent for Eastern Maine.
march1

To Wool Dealers and Pullers.
The large and well appointed establishment of the late Chapin Humphrey, of Bangor, Me., is offered for sale, consisting of a large lot of land, with an ample supply of water. Buildings, admirably adapted for the business of Wool pulling and Tanning—heated with steam. All of North-eastern Maine here finds its market, and is considered in all respects the best point in Maine for the wool business.
For particulars, apply to
MOSES GIDDINGS,
Executor.
may10

LARGE LOT OF
ENGINES & BOILERS,
of all kinds, new and second hand, from 3 to 200 Horse Power, Shafting, Pulleys, Steam and Gas Pipe and Fittings, Pumps, Belting, Engineers' supplies.
Steam Radiators,
of all descriptions, Planing Machines, Cylinders, and a stock of
Fire Proof Safes,
all of which I will sell at lower prices than can be bought elsewhere in this State, and on liberal terms of payment.
Also, a Machine Shop in connection, and repairing promptly done at low prices.
G. F. BRACKETT,
BANGOR MACHINE DEPOT,
oct23 Exchange Street.

PAPER HANGINGS
WILSON & FENIMORE,
MANUFACTURERS,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Samples Furnished.
feb24 WAS 3m

BAYOLINE HAIR TONIC!
Is now growing in public favor. Each month increases its sales nearly double that of the previous month. The following are some of the reasons why it is used so extensively:
BAYOLINE never fails to stop falling hair.
BAYOLINE will immediately cure dandruff.
BAYOLINE keeps the hair soft and pliable.
BAYOLINE is so clear as pure water.
BAYOLINE will not color the hair.
BAYOLINE has won for itself a world wide reputation never before enjoyed by any other preparation, and is recommended for the same purposes for which it has proved. It is all we claim for it, and we will pay $1000 to anyone who will prove to the contrary. It is without doubt the best hair dressing ever used. Prepared only by
LUTY TOWER, JR., BOSTON.
Sold Everywhere. 50 cts. a bottle.
As a guarantee of the reliability of BAYOLINE we are permitted to use the name of GEO. W. NICHOLS, M. D., who has used it in his family with exceedingly beneficial results, and is perfectly unacquainted with its composition. He unhesitatingly recommends it to his patients, and declares it free from any injurious substance.
March 4 1w

State of Maine.

PENOBSCOT, ss. Court of Probate, April Term, 1875.

Accounts having been filed for settlement in the estates of—

ELIAS HARMON, Garland, Jane Harmon, Adm'x.

JEREMIAH PAGE, Charleston, Almira S. Page, Adm'x.

JOHN HOBES, Orrington, James Freeman, Exr.

GEORGE K. COPELAND, Holden, Hannah M. Copeland, Adm'x.

ALLEN CROWELL, Hampden, Jonathan Fogg, Exr.

ELIZABETH C. H. TRASK, Bangor, Thomas H. Wentworth, Adm'r.

And in case of the Guardianship of—

MINNIE T. JONES, Minor, Bangor, John Bryant, Guardian.

ORDERED, That said accounts be published, notice to all persons interested, by causing a copy of this order to be published three weeks successively in the Bangor Whig and Courier, next one insertion in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and one insertion in the Bangor Weekly Whig and Courier, newspapers published in Bangor, in said County, that they may appear at a Court of Probate then and there to be held at the Probate Office in said Bangor, on the last Tuesday in May next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon, and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be allowed.

JOHN E. GODFREY, Judge.
A true copy—Attest:
GEORGE A. WALKER, Register.

State of Maine.

The subscriber hereby gives notice to all concerned, that he has duly qualified, and has taken upon himself the trust of an Executor of the Last Will and Testament of

SOLOMON G. SMITH, late of Hermon,

in the County of Penobscot, deceased, by giving bond as the law directs. All persons having claims against the estate of said deceased are hereby called upon to exhibit the same for payment; and all persons who are indebted to the estate of said deceased are hereby called upon to make payment, and those who have any property belonging to the estate of said deceased are hereby called upon to deliver the same to

JOHN W. SMITH.
Hermon, April 13, 1875. 3w17

MARKED DOWN,

To Close

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK!

Wishing to dispose of the balance of our goods and close up business as soon as possible, we have been through and marked down the entire stock and made prices that will cause a sale.

Good Prints,	6 1-2c	Good Silesia,	12 1-2c. yd.
Best "	8	Good Feather Ticking,	20
Hill Cottons, 9-8 yd. wide,	12 1-2	Good Black Alpaca,	25
Best Batting,	12 1-2 lb	Splendid Mohairs, blk,	35
Best Cambrics,	6 1-2c. yd.	Best Kid Gloves, all sizes & colors,	$1.50 pr.

A large lot of Ribbons at one-half the cost. We have left quite a stock of Black Silks and Cashmere Shawls, which we are willing to sacrifice on to close them.
In fact, we will sell all goods at **Auction Prices.**
Come in and see and be satisfied that we tell the truth.
"A Penny Saved is a Penny Earned."
NICHOLS & WITHAM.
A good one horse Peddle Cart, also a Chaise Top, for sale cheap.
Bangor, May 4

AT LESS THAN AUCTION PRICES!

15 Pieces Fine Black Brilliantine, only 35 cts. a Yard.
Another Lot of Grey Dress Goods, for 25 cts. a Yard.
New Black Cashmeres, a Great Bargain, 75 cts. a Yard.
New Cashmere Sacks, at Low Prices.
☞ These Goods are Under Price, and the Best Bargains we ever Offered.

SNOW & MAYO,
No. 11 MAIN ST., BANGOR.
may1 d&w

W. D. LEWIS,

No. 18 West Market Square, will open a new stock of

DRY GOODS,

Monday, April 26, 1875,

At very low Prices.
apr26

AT HARLOW'S DRUG STORE,
Feather Dusters,
Flour Brushes and Brush Brooms,
Stair Carpet Brushes and Dusters,
Furniture Brushes,
Plate Brushes, Crumb Brushes,
Shoe Brushes,
Horse Brush, 3—Hand Brushes,
Shoe Brushes,
Hair—Tooth—Nail—Hat Brushes,
Hair Brushes,
Clothes—Velvet Brushes—Lather do.,
Flesh and Course Sponges,
Toilet Soaps—the best as we consider Fine Toilet Soaps ever shown here
Nursery and Toilet Powders,
Lubin's, Hunnuff's, Atkinson's, &c., &c.
Puffs and Puff Boxes,
Scenter Baskets,
Toilet Cologne Bottles,
Quantities Requisite.
As I never have bought any Imitations of Important Goods, customers can rely on getting the best always at my counter.
N. S. HARLOW,
4 Smith Block.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY.
Having bought the "Stock," and taken the place of the late Mr. Morrill, the old stand of Temple & Morrill, and having added new and desirable goods, I now invite my friends and the public generally to give me a call. My goods are fair dealing I hope to gain patronage and merit the confidence extended.
I shall keep on hand a full assortment of goods in my line, such as WATCHES, CLOCKS, LADIES' and GENTS' GOLD and SILVER and PLATED WARE, SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES, &c., &c. All goods in my line repaired and warranted.
Fine watch repairing a specialty.
BERNHARD POL,
(Formerly with Walter P. Weeks.)
28 Main Street, Bangor, Maine.
feb13

SPRING . . . 1875.

C. ABBOTT & CO.,
(Of the late Carpet House of Strouther & Abbott,)
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
CARPETS,
would respectfully invite attention to their new, large, and choice stock of
TAPESTRY, 3-PLY, EXTRA-SUPER,
And Low Priced
CARPETS
PRICES WHICH DEFY COMPETITION!
Paper Hangings
Window Shades
Curtain Fixtures!
C. ABBOTT & CO.,
New Washington, cor. Friend St.
Bangor, April 9, 1875.

Administrator's Notice.

The subscriber hereby gives notice that he has duly qualified, and has taken upon himself the trust of an Administrator of the Estate of

[illegible]

Bangor, April 7, 1875.

Whig and Courier.

Daily Established 1834—Weekly 1842.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (one inch in space) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, two insertions,	1 25
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half square, one time,	75
For half square, three times,	1 00
For half square, one week,	1 50
each week's continuance,	50
For one inch in Weekly, three times,	1 00
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES

$2.50 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rates of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two thirds price, *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week*, one third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

Advertisements under the head of "Business Notices" 10 cents per line, each insertion, for solid matter, and 15 cents per line for leaded.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS IN DANGER

Under the above caption the struggle now going on in New York State for the preservation of the public schools, is clearly presented in a recent issue of *Harper's Weekly*, in which the editor, Mr. Curtis, says:

The proposition that the Roman Catholics parochial schools shall be supported at the public expense, which was made simultaneously in New York and Buffalo, and has naturally started the public mind, has been for the present conclusively answered in the latter city. The Common Council of Buffalo, by a vote of twenty to four, has adopted the report of the School Committee, declining the proposition. The committee state that the public schools of Buffalo are common schools under the statute. The city is forbidden to levy taxes for any school other than its own public schools, but the supreme Court of the State has decided that schools established by any religious denomination are not public schools in the legal sense. The court said, in a case relating to public money to sustain the school of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum in Brooklyn, that any other religious institution which desired to propagate its distinctive views at the public expense might make a similar demand, and with the same reason. There is no reason why the children supported by such charities should not attend the public schools. If the object be to give them the education which the State furnishes to all, it is better that they should obtain it in the ordinary way. But if the object be to give the children sectarian instruction, the State cannot and ought not to pay for it. Nothing could be clearer or more obvious.

The Roman Catholic parochial schools are sectarian religious schools. They are intended to be so. They are established because the public schools are not so, and the Buffalo School Committee proceed to say, with equal truth and force, that neither the State law nor the city charter contemplates or authorizes religious instruction in any school supported by public taxation. In other words, the State law deliberately contemplates what the Roman Catholic party call "ungodless" schools—schools, that is to say, in the words of the law, which are for children to receive practical doctrines of no any religious sect. The committee say distinctly—and we are very much obliged to the Roman Catholic gentlemen for obtaining so admirable a statement,—"The common schools are neither Protestant nor Catholic; they are not established and maintained as miracles of creeds; they are, and ought to be, sustained exclusively for the education of children in the studies which are recognized as essential to a good business education. Your committee do not undervalue religious training, but this is not the provinde of the city or the State."

That is the American doctrine of the public schools, and that is the provision of the law of New York. We trust that the Board of Education in the city of New York understands it as thoroughly, and will act upon it promptly and resolutely, as that of Buffalo. A letter in the *Herald*, evidently from a Roman Catholic, urges the public adoption of the parochial schools as a satisfactory and permanent settlement of the issue. Perfectly satisfactory, doubtless, to the Roman clergy, who would then, according to the statement of their correspondent, have carried their point, and would have thirty cent's worth the public school system for the writer says, with great simplicity, "The principle that underlies it supposes that it is the inalienable right of any parochial society to build its own school-house, provide teachers certificated as competent both with respect to learning and to morality, *and claim from the public-school fund a sum proportionate to their own pro rata of taxation.*" Father Walker himself, who says that he would as soon administer the sacrament to a dog as to a Catholic who would send his children to the public school, might have written the letter. The doctrine which it declares would settle the entire difficulty is the complete unadulterated Roman Catholic claim, and is totally subversive of the whole American system of sectarian public schools.

Mr. William H. Neilson, the President of the New York Board of Education, is reported as saying that if the parochial schools should be merged in the public schools, there must be no religious education in them during school hours; that the Bonny Bible must go; that it be read at the option of the teacher; and no teacher would be appointed who did not satisfy—in technical acceptance—the standard of the board. We hope that Mr. Neilson does not suppose that such schools would be any less Roman Catholic schools supported by the public money, or that the public would be satisfied with any such whipping of the devil round the stump. The result of a union with this understanding, even supposing it to be faithfully carried out, would be that during certain hours of the day there would be no direct sectarian instruction in the Roman Catholic parochial schools. That, and nothing more. The schools would be precisely what they are now, nurseries of the Roman Catholic creed, supported by the public money.

The only way in which the Roman Catholic parochial schools can be properly merged in the common schools is by a sale of the buildings and the absolute dissolution of any kind of parochial claim upon the school. The only change and arrangement that under the letter and spirit of the public school law can be known to the Board of Education as resulting from such a transaction is that it will have acquired certain new school-houses, in which nobody but itself and the whole tax-paying public have any interest or claim whatever, and from which every kind of religious sectarian suggestion or management, or association is absolutely and forever barred by the law of the State. A very grave responsibility has been suddenly thrown upon Mr. Neilson and his associates, and they know, of course, that public attention is now fully aroused and concentrated upon them. There are no more arrangements to be subterfuges to be presented by the Roman party. Mr. Conduert, one of the gentlemen appointed by the Roman Catholic Vicar-General Quinn to confer with the Board of Education, says that the city ought to pay for the support of the parochial schools proportionately to its own schools. That is the old story. There is no variation in the form of the demand. Let there be no variation in the form of the refusal. Let there be no variation in the form of the schools for every child in the country are the sheet-anchor of liberty in America.

NEW BRUNSWICK APPLE TREES.

The introduction of fruit trees into this cold country, was first made, to any considerable extent, from the New York nurseries. In many instances unscrupulous agents who got paid in proportion to their sales, practiced sharp games on the ignorant and unwary backwoodsmen, and sold them trees and varieties of shrubs and plants which were entirely unsuitable for our climate. Quantities of peach, pear, cherry and various other trees, which were uprooted in disgust, are the sad and lamentable evidence of the results. Hardly a family in the country but has some of these worthless trees, and set out only to blast the hopes of the purchaser and of the next fruit-tree agent who happened along. And by degrees these disappointments and prejudices have been overcome by the introduction of the Woodstock nursery trees. Many of the finest varieties of apples which thrive in the Middle States and even in the Western part of Maine and New Hampshire cannot be made a success in Northern Maine, hence arises the necessity for a nursery of trees grown in this climate, necessarily which is already provided for.

The advantage is apparent when we consider that any tree that will thrive in the climate of Aroostook will also do well in any part of the Eastern or Middle States, while trees raised in New York or even New England will contain many valuable varieties for the milder and longer seasons, which are utterly worthless in Aroostook.—*Houlton Journal.*

DOES COMPOSTING PAY?

(From the N. E. Farmer.)

A few weeks since we received a letter from a correspondent in Maine, recounting the details of a real or supposed conversation, between two farmers, Mr. A. and Mr. B., who have each adopted opposite practices in their methods of treating barn yard manure for increasing the fertility of their farms. Mr. A. carts large quantities of loam, muck, or other kinds of soil into his barn cellar and mixes it with a less amount of manure, and then by repeated workings gets up a little fermentation of the whole mass, and claims that by this method, he really adds to the compost, which was not in it originally, or rather, that by the repeated turning and heating, plant food, which would otherwise lie dormant, is developed in the crude soil. He also claims that if the coarse manure were spread directly on the field and ploughed in, it would be distributed in such small quantities in a place that this heating and fermenting process would go on so slowly and freely, that the effect of the soil would not compare with the slow and short method of composting in the yard or pile.

Mr. B., on the other hand, does not believe anything is added to the value of the farm or much, except what is taken from the manure, and if any plant food is developed from the soil in consequence of the composting, the amount is so small, that the cost of labor of handling it is too great to leave any margin for profit from the practice. He therefore, draws his manure directly to the field, and composts it by the use of the plough and cultivator, at the same time he is killing weeds and loosening up his soil for the benefit of the growing plants.

Our correspondent wishes us to decide, whether Mr. A. or Mr. B., is in the right in this matter of composting in a variety of applying directly to the field. From our practice for years, has been to use the enough absorbing materials in our stables and the yards to take up and hold the liquid portion of the barn manure, so that it can be carted out to the fields in ordinary farm carts. But we have never designed to do the absorbents beyond this degree, believing that the cost of handling them would more than balance an advantage from their use in this excessive quantity. We have worked upon the supposition that absorbing material furnished in quantity sufficient to retain the liquid portion of the excrements, would be ample for retaining all the gases which would be set free by such decomposition as would take place while the manure lies in the yards or is being carted to the fields.

Knowing, however, that our own opinions upon this question are based on observation made in the practice, rather than on scientific theory, we sent the letter of our correspondent to the Massachusetts Agricultural College, where it was eagerly got installed, but the following notes in reply was received from Prof. Levi Stockbridge, whose position as Professor of Agriculture leads him to be particularly interested in, as well as peculiarly competent to decide upon questions of this character. He says—

"This is the old, old question, Does compost pay? Do you the idea of absorbing and retaining, pay the cost of the labor in repeating? So far anybody knows absolutely to my knowledge, it does not pay. The argument is, it is true, that water, heat, and everything organic, and some things inorganic, possess the property of holding which decomposition will make available to a certain extent. It is also true that the decomposition and fermentation of compost made of different materials, produce organisms to develop elements and compost, which are the food of plants, and quickly contribute to their growth. But can the development, however beneficial it is, be of sufficient value to delay the cost of hauling and handling the material, has never, to my knowledge, been demonstrated and proved. That's the incredulous of the *same material* after composting as compared with its value if used without composting."

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

THE NEW RATES UNDER THE AGREEMENT OF THE BERNE POSTAL CONVENTION.

The following is the order issued by Postmaster General Jewell, in accordance with the provisions of the postal treaty entered into at Berne, Switzerland:

The treaty concerning the formation of a general Postal Union concluded at Berne, October 9, 1874, between the United States of American, Germany, Austro-Hungary, Belgium, Denmark, Egypt, Spain, France, Great Britain, Greece, Italy, Luxemburg, Norway, Netherlands, Portugal, Roumania, Russia, Servia, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey, having been duly ratified by the United States on the 8th of March, 1875, and the ratifications thereof by the several contracting States having been duly exchanged at Berne, Switzerland, on the 22d of May, 1875, it is hereby ordered that uniform Union rates of postage to be levied and collected in the United States on correspondence to and from the whole extent of the Postal Union, embracing the above-named countries, without distinction, shall be as follows:

First, For prepaid letters, 10 cents per fifteen grammes.

Second, For unpaid letters, 10 cents per ounce or fraction thereof.

Third, For postal-cards, 2 cents each.

Fourth, For newspapers if not over four ounces in weight, 2 cents each.

Fifth, For other printed matter, samples of merchandise and all articles other than newspapers enumerated in article 4 of the treaty, 2 cents per each weight of two ounces or fraction thereof.

Sixth, For the registration fee on all correspondence, 8 cents.

Seventh, No fee will be charged for a return receipt in cases where a receipt from the addressee is requested.

Eighth, No additional tax will be collected in the United States on the correspondence forwarded within the Union by sea or routes of more than three hundred nautical miles in length.

Ninth, As regards the amount to be paid for the territorial transit, according to article 10 of the treaty, the United States claims for herself whatever the right of transit guaranteed by that article is exercised (even as regards her transit lines of over seven hundred and fifty kilometers, and excepting only her great Pacific railway lines, between the Atlantic and the Pacific oceans, expressly reserved as contributing to form the subject of special arrangements with post-offices interested), the minimum rate of 3 francs per kilogramme of letters and 25 centimes per kilogramme of printed matter, &c., and is ready by increasing transit rates, as permitted to 4 francs and 50 centimes, respectively, to meet the wishes of those departments of the Union, which make the same declaration in regard to the United States transit correspondence.

Tenth, The freedom of transit of correspondence, included under the terms granted in the existing postal conventions between the United States and Switzerland will be maintained.

Eleventh, The union of postage herein before prescribed will be levied and collected on and after July 1, 1875, on the correspondence to and from all the contracting States except France and on and after January 1, 1876, on the correspondence to and from France.

STATE NEWS.

Aroostook.

The *Pioneer* announces that Houlton is going into the spelling business.

BLAINE. The spring is cold and backward, with some patches of snow. There is very little frost in the ground, so soon as the weather is fairly settled and a little warmer, farmers will go on with their work briskly. Very little has yet been done at farming in Blaine. Some have plowed a little and a few have sown a little grain.—The water is very high in streams, and danger to bridges and mills is feared. Quite a number of men were starting at the new dam in Blaine village Sunday to keep the running logs from jamming at the sluiceway. It was feared that a heavy jam might start the dam. Lumbermen will get all their logs out this spring, the water being very high and likely to remain so for some time.—Measles have been very prevalent this spring. Some have been very sick, but no deaths have occurred.

Cumberland.

The *Argus* says: The Montgomery Guards drill about every night, and have attained a good degree of proficiency, and will put any company in the State to their trumps to beat them.

The *Press* says that in repairing a hydrant in Washington street, Portland, Friday, after digging down five feet and four inches, frost was found right on fifteen deep. This is the result of the polar wave last winter.

A CHALLENGE. For some time past the Portland Cadets have been expecting a challenge from the Montgomery Guards for the champion flag, which was won by the former company three years ago the coming July. Tuesday morning the long-expected document was received by the Cadets. The drill is to take place within forty days, the time and place to be set by the challenged party. The Cadets will accept the challenge, and if they win the prize, will and continue to hold the flag until after the 4th of July, it will be theirs forever. The drill will be warmly contested, and will draw out a large number of the friends of both companies.

Franklin.

WILTON. Quite an amount of rain fell on the 2d instant at Wilton, accompanied with thunder. Grass is growing quite green, young cattle and sheep are being turned out to pasture.—The pond is nearly clear of ice being some five days earlier than last year. Roads are quite well settled and good wheeling excepting where large frost remain. Farming operations are being carried forward quite energetically. A large amount of snow is visible on the hills miles away, which gives cold winds and frosty nights.

Hancock.

GARDINER. Heath Post G. A. R. held a camp fire at their hall in Gardiner Sunday evening, at which there was quite a gathering of ladies and gentlemen, besides the members of the Post. General Selden Connor was present and interested the audience with an appropriate speech. Mr. Wentworth, the prisoner, filled a grave and long drawn out life in Libby prison during the war, which created considerable laughter and applause. The occasion was enlivened by patriotic songs, and the harmony sustained by a plentiful repast of edibles.

The *Kennebec Journal* says: The Capital Guards, Capt Smith, the military company to which our citiz

Whig and Courier.

BOUTELLE & BURLEIGH, PROPRIETORS.

C. A. BOUTELLE, EDITOR.

All business letters should be addressed to Boutelle, Burleigh, and communications intended for publication should be addressed to Editor of Whig and Courier.

FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1875.

Republican State Convention.

The Republicans of Maine are invited to send delegates to a State Convention to be held in

CITY HALL, PORTLAND,

Tuesday, June 15th, 1875, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, and transacting any other business that may properly come before this Convention. The basis of representation will be as follows:

Each city, town and plantation will be entitled to one delegate, and one additional for every 75 votes cast for the Republican candidate for Governor in 1874. A fraction of 40 votes, additional to the full number for a delegate, is also entitled to a delegate.

Delegates are authorized to fill vacancies only with actual residents of the county to which the town belongs.

The State Committee will be in session at 10 o'clock on the morning of the Convention for the reception of credentials.

JAMES G. BLAINE, Kennebec, Chairman.
WILLIAM T. PIERCE, Androscoggin.
HENRY O. PENNELL, Aroostook.
CHARLES T. HUGHES, Cumberland.
A. R. S. DAVIS, Franklin.
JOHN B. HOBBINS, Hancock.
J. H. HAYETT, Knox.
S. H. MAGOON, Lincoln.
SNOW HOSTER, Jr., Oxford.
JOSEPH W. PORTER, Penobscot.
F. A. THOMPSON, Piscataquis.
F. E. EDWARDS, Sagadahoc.
J. J. WALTONS, Somerset.
FRANK ANDROS, Waldo.
NELSON S. ALLEN, Washington.
JOHN HALE, York.
J. A. SMITH, Secretary.

May 4th, 1875.

THAT DEMOCRATIC LASH.

The little Democratic organ in this city was much exercised a few days ago by our exposure of its impudent attempt to push an order through a Republican City Council to provide that delectable sheet with a marine report free of expense. The editor of that paper made up several of his most grotesque faces at us, but expressed confidence that his job would go through. As the proposition was a barefaced demand that the city should gratuitously furnish that Bourbon paper with news for which we are obliged to pay, we can only account for the editor's confidence in his success on the supposition that he calculated largely upon the indispositions of members to encounter the unsavory discharges of his mouth-machine. Indeed the view of the confidence reposed in the indisposition of members, was confirmed by the very curious remark of a Democratic member of the Board of Aldermen last evening that if he were the editor of the sheet in question he would "lash" those who voted against his little scheme. The extravagance and absurdity into which partisan zeal will lead an ordinarily sensible man—especially a Democrat—could find no more pertinent illustration than the raving of Alderman Tobin at this paper because it pays its own money for services rendered, and because it objected to having another paper furnished with reports at the expense of the city of Portland. Mr. Tobin's talk about the Harbor Master being a sort of "travelling editor" for this paper because we pay him for furnishing us a report after he has finished the day's duties for which the city pays him a salary of $350; while at the same time the legal Aldermen insisted upon compelling the city hall to furnish a special report for the Democratic organ in the middle of the day without cost to the paper, and could suggest that if the salary were insufficient to cover this extra duty it could be increased for the purpose! Mr. Tobin is not only angered because we pay those whom we employ, but he wishes to make the taxpayers of the city bear the direct expense of reporting for his party organ, by increasing the salary of an official for that express purpose. At the time too, when nearly all the other official salaries are being cut down. If there were any doubts in the minds of members as to the real object of the measure, Mr. Tobin's intemperate zeal made it palpable to all, and it is creditable to the City Council that the order was at once indefinitely postponed in both branches, by a decisive vote. When a member of the highest branch of the City Government does not scruple to attempt intimidating his fellow-members into voting a practical subsidy to a rampant party paper, by intimations or threats of "lashing" by its editor, the historical assumption of the champions of that sheet has reached a point where the public will feel no interest. It is serving notice upon our municipal officers that whenever they decline to meet the demands of that paper, even to the extent of increasing an official's salary to pay for services to the paper, the members daring to oppose will be subjected to the blackguardism of the sheet which claims as among its patrons and supporters "a large number" of the Republicans of this city. When it is decided proper to detail the officials of the city to work for the newspapers at the public expense, we shall have a voice in the matter, but while we add no special favors from the city, and pay our own expenses without cribbing on the public treasury or Mr. Tobin, we shall protect against being taxed, or having any of our fellow-citizens taxed, to pay the employers of the Democratic organ. Our City Council may well be on the alert for more of those jobs for the Democrats, have obtained unusual strength this year, and are determined to use it for partisan advantage. The length to which they are willing to go may be inferred from the performance at City Hall last night.

THE LOUISIANA COMPROMISE.

[From the Lewiston Journal.]

There seems to be a difference of opinion between Mr. Wheeler and Mr. Frye and other Republican members of the Louisiana Investigating Committee, as to whether the Democratic majority of the Louisiana House violated their agreement in unseating four Republicans after the acceptance of the award of the Committee. The language of the award was that the "House, as to its members, as constituted under the award * * * shall remain without change until a new general election." Mr. Frye and others say that this language was intended to prohibit the Democratic majority in the House from unseating any Republican after the decision of the committee in the case of the five seats submitted to them as arbitrators, as the language seems to imply. Mr. Wheeler says that he understood the meaning of the award to be that the House was to remain without change, "after four members, who had received the certificate of the returning board, and who had afterwards been seated by the Republicans, should be reseated."

Mr. Wheeler, admits, however, that this interpretation of the agreement was had in a conference, which he held with the Democratic leaders, in the absence of other members of the Congressional Committee, and he intimates that he is not surprised Mr. Frye should take the view that he does. We must of course accept Mr. Wheeler's interpretation of the understanding which the Democrats had of the award when they accepted it. But it is certainly surprising that an interpretation so contrary to the plain language of the award should be left to inference and impressions, instead of being committed to writing. And it is still more surprising that Mr. Wheeler should consent to such an interpretation in the absence of the other members of the Committee, and without the knowledge of the Louisiana Republicans.

It is at any rate a relief to know that the Louisiana compromise has been observed even according to Mr. Wheeler's interpretation. Let us hope that this will continue to be the case, and that peace will be secured to that much-disturbed State.

THE RAILROAD TAX.

[From the Kennebec Journal]

Hon. S. C. Hatch, Treasurer of State, received Wednesday a check for $22,498.00 in payment of the tax of 1874 imposed upon the Portland, Saco and Portsmouth Railroad, and also a check for $510 in payment of the tax for the same year upon the Portsmouth, Great Falls and Conway Railroad. The Treasurer has been laboring with these two roads for some time, with the above very satisfactory results. The following list embraces the railroad corporations that have paid the tax of 1874.

Boston and Maine	$90,341 25
Portland Horse	58 00
Portland, Saco and Portsmouth	22,498 00
Portsmouth, Great Falls and Conway	510 00
St. Croix and Penobscot	313 22
Total	$113,724 47

It will be seen that the State has derived $93,384 52 from this tax. The Maine Central claims exemption from the tax under the provisions of their charter. If this claim is valid, the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Railroad and the Dexter and Newport Railroad will also be relieved from payment under a similar charter exemption. The following companies have paid the tax of 1874

Atlantic and St. Lawrence	$20,078 51
Dexter and Newport	3,122 59
Maine Central	20,010 40
Total	$43,211 [illegible]

THE GRAND ARMY REUNION.

THE GATHERING OF UNION VETERANS AT CHICAGO.

The Union soldiers and sailors of the late war commenced to assemble Wednesday at Chicago for a grand three days' reunion, and representatives from all the different army corps are present. The city presented a very gay appearance. Flagsweie flying from all the principal buildings, the streets were crowded with soldiers, and the weather was perfect. Most of the day on Wednesday was given to the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. Nearly one hundred delegates were present, representing fifteen states. General Charles Devens, Jr., of Massachusetts, presided, and delivered an excellent address. During the evening there was a reception at the Exposition Building where addresses of welcome were made by Gov. Haveridge and Mayor Colvin, to which General Devens responded.

The Adjutant-General of the Grand Army reports that Iowa and Colorado have been added during the year, and Georgia and Oregon have been dropped for delinquency in their reports. The department of Maine is prosperous, and shows a gain in membership over last year. The membership in New Hampshire has increased nearly ten per cent.

The gains of the order during the year are as follows:

By muster, 6,368, by transfer, 183, from suspension, 2,323; total, 9,094. The losses are—By death, 282; discharge, 270, suspension, 3,559; transfer, 229, dishonorable discharge, 29, dropped, 3,667; total, 8,036; giving an estimated numerical gain of about five per cent. The amount of relief disbursed will, it is believed, exceed $75,000, a considerable part of which has been expended for persons not connected with the Grand Army.

The report of the Surgeon-General contains a summary of the returns which have been for the first time made by the posts of the number of single members or disabled applicants for membership, wounded or crippled in the late War. The returns from twelve departments show totals as follows: Number who have lost right arm, 535; lost left arm, 448; lost both arms, 8; number that lost a leg, 258, lost both legs, 5; number who lost an arm and a leg, 6; number of companions that have been wounded otherwise than in battle, 1,094; number injured otherwise than in battle, 877. The mortality of the year has been unusually large, probably larger than by any one year since the order was established.

The Kennebec Journal understands that Superintendent Johnson is preparing to organize county educational associations throughout the State. Four are already under way. The institutes, being conducted, the Superintendent is determined to come in contact with the five thousand common-school teachers through some other organization. We have no doubt teachers and school officers will co-operate with Mr. Johnson in this movement.

Some very damaging evidence has been produced concerning the methods by which Senator Spencer, of Alabama, secured his election. If the charges made are sustained, he will undoubtedly be expelled from the Senate at the next session.

The Baltimore *American*, which is the leading Republican journal in Maryland, regards third-term and effectually disposed of by Senator Sargent's statement in San Francisco, and then it adds: "As to the various prominent candidates named for the Republican nomination, we think the choice of the party in Maryland would strongly concentrate upon Speaker Blaine." And the Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* writes to that paper that many of Mr. Blaine's friends now at the capital are confident that if the National Republican Convention should be held now Mr. Blaine would undoubtedly be the nominee.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* never gave credit to the reported death of Marquis de Caux. No gentleman, it thinks, would deliberately place his life in jeopardy while he has a wife who can warble a heavy balance into bank in a single evening.

The Liverpool (England) *Journal* states that one Upper Austrian firm is said to have contracted to supply 258,000 rifles for Germany, of which 180,000 have been delivered; whilst a Vienna factory is busy with an order for 3,000,000 cartridges, which are due at Berlin in June. Taking into account the alleged fact that dealers in Bohemia have undertaken to buy 10,000 horses for the French cavalry, Austria seems to be manfully doing her best to equip both Germany and France for the forthcoming "war of revenge."

CHOICE STOCK FOR PENOBSCOT COUNTY. Mr. John Stuart of Newport has recently purchased the thoroughbred Ayrshire bull Governor, bred in Scotland, out of Mollie 16104; and imported by Colonel Frank Jones of Portsmouth, N. H. Governor was the winner of the First Premium in his class at the New Hampshire State Fair for 1873, and although having a clear lineage, is said to have better points than pedigree, and to be a model animal. We have no doubt the enterprise of Mr. Stuart, who is one of the best farmers in Penobscot county, will be fully appreciated and rewarded by the farmers in Newport and adjoining towns. *Maine Farmer.*

The President of Peru has signed the bill passed by Congress, which authorizes the Executive to dispose of 300,000 tons of guano, for consumption in the United States at any price not less than 30 soles per ton.

POLITICAL TIP FROM JAY.

The Republican State Convention will be held at Portland, June 15th. Gen. Selden Connor will undoubtedly receive the nomination for Governor.—*Aroostook Times.*

Speaking of the Presidential nominations, the St. Louis *Democrat* says:

"Mr. Tilden will be emphatically the Catholic candidate. Whoever doubts it may well ask why the relations of Mr. Tilden, past and present, with leading representatives of that interest, and particularly with the newly elected Senator Kernan, and the chief of Hennessy, John Kelley. What Mr. Halstead terms the 'left-wing' is not apt to be left in the nomination of the next Democratic candidate."

Gov. Tilden, in his message on municipal taxation, says: "In 1835, when the population of the United States numbered 25,000,000, the whole cost of its Government was under $35,000,000. It will be seen that less than 2,500,000 of inhabitants of the City of New York pay nearly as much taxation as was imposed on 25,000,000 about twenty years ago for the cost of the army, navy, Indian treaties and all other expenses of the General Government."

Ben Wade advocates a good and-thirty term plank in the next platform of the Ohio Republicans. It having been queried whether this would not be an affront to the President, "Affront! fudge!" said he, "Hayes is no affront in it. I wouldn't be nearly mouthed about that in the platform. I would say that no good Republican could be in favor of keeping the vast power of the Executive of this Government in the hands of any man for more than two terms. If what I say is to go into the paper, I don't want it to appear unfriendly to Grant, because I believe he is a good President—that he does as well as he can, and I regret him very sincerely."

Costa Rica advices say that while the steamer City of Panama was at anchor at Punta Arenas, during her last voyage, a demand was made on her captain by the authorities to deliver up a political refugee on board as a passenger from Nicaragua to Panama. The captain flatly refused. A show of ugly force was made, and a clearance was refused to the steamer, which sailed without it under protest.

The court of arbitration appointed to decide on the disputed accounts between Chili and Peru with reference to the alliance against the Spaniards in 1866, have given its decision. The sum granted to Chili amounts to 11,000,000 soles, but as Peru has already paid 671,000 soles on account, there only remains a balance of 470,000 soles to pay.

Special Notices.

The Celebrated Temperance Drama entitled

THE LAST LOAF,

will be presented in the Town Hall, Orono,

SATURDAY EVENING,

In connection with a Grand Instrumental and Vocal Concert. may14

ST. ANDREW'S LODGE.

RUFUS EVELYN, MAY 18.

Work will be in Royal Master of St. Andrew's Lodge, No. 63. Food A. M. THIS FRIDAY EVENING, at Masonic Hall, "at 7 o'clock."

Brethren are invited to attend

Stop that Cough.

DR. MORSE'S INDIAN ROOT PILLS WITH OIL BY ANY HOUSEHOLD will cure a cough or cold in one half the time necessary to cure it with any other medicine. There is positively no poisonous disease which it will not cure or greatly alleviate. For all cases of hoarseness, loss of voice, coughs, croup, lung disease, and consumption in its incipient stage, it has no equal. We never know a person who had used it but that recommended it in glowing terms. We are prepared to guarantee every bottle. Please call and inquire for yourselves. Price only 25 cts. Sold by W. F. MANN and E. E. PATTEN, agents for Bangor; Folsom Bros., Orono; F. L. Rogers, Hampden; W. H. Morrill, Winterport; A. F. Page, Hampden.

JOHN W. PERKINS & CO., Portland, General Agents. may14 eod 1m

Wanted.

A teacher in Hermon Address, with terms, A. B., 43 Center Street, Bangor, Me. May 14, 1875. 2w

Health Notice.

TO THE CITIZENS OF BANGOR.

The State has provided that certain measures shall be pursued in order to insure the health of the Centennial. Among these measures are the removing of filth, undrained and foul places, and all things injurious to health, from the premises of citizens. Permit me to suggest to you:

1st—To examine your premises carefully, to see if you have any vegetable, animal, or mineral refuse, decaying vegetables, and all filthy substances.

2d—To see if there is any stagnant water, cesspools, or if your premises are clogged, or not properly drained.

3d—Examine sewerpipes and vaults. If they are full, running over, or defective, or smell bad, have them emptied.

4th—See if there are any offensive substances or filth of any kind on your premises.

5th—See if there is any public nuisance in your neighborhood, such as pigsties, slaughter-houses, ponds, stagnant water, offensive stalls, dog houses, etc.

6th—See if any drain, cesspool, privy, stable, or piggery, is so near to your neighbor's as to make it a nuisance. By serving and heeding out the above suggestions you will confer a favor on the public, and benefit yourself.

HENRY GILE,
Health Officer.

Bangor, May, 1875.

Arrangements have been made for cleaning out privies at low rates. Apply to the subscriber. may10 eod 2w

Notice.

The members of the Penobscot Mutual Fire Insurance Company are hereby notified that the Annual Meeting of said Company will be holden at Office in Bangor on MONDAY, the third day of May instant, at two o'clock P. M., for the choice of Directors, and the transaction of any other business which may legally come before the meeting.

CHARLES P. WIGGIN, Secretary.

Bangor, May 10th, 1875. 3w

PISCATORIAL AND PRIVATE.

To the public I desire to say a word privately, and especially to my friends in the country. When that terrible scalloping calls at your house again and says that Bickford's Aladdins are not as good as he sells, and that mine are "bloated," politely suggest to him that he is talking at other people do when they break the Ninth Commandment, for they believed me caught in the same snare as his. My goods are made by one of the best and most experienced fishermen in St. John. From the first of the season till now, I have sold them for 60 per hundred. Now scaling at $1.25, and selling for the fact is!

The Best Alewives at the Lowest Prices!

Please send in your order at once, for the proof of the pudding is in the eating of the fish, or words to that effect. Respectfully yours, (the Market Man.)

T. BICKFORD.

May 10. 1w

MILLINERY

AND

FANCY GOODS!

A new and carefully selected stock at

MRS. T. McSORLEY'S,

No. 44 Main St.

may 8 2w

WM. FRANKLIN SEAVEY,

ATTORNEY at LAW

AND

Solicitor of Patents,

Silver Block, No. 3 Main Street, Bangor, Me.

Bangor, Oct. 26, 1874. MWF

BANGOR REFORM CLUB.

Incorporated December 30, A. D. 1874.

Notice.

All persons authorized to lecture or organize Clubs under a charter from the Bangor Reform Club, will be required to make monthly reports to the President and Secretary of the Club, and see that they are signed by Bangor Reform Club, U. T. Cutler, President, and Chas. Hamlin, Secretary, to be valid.

Lecturers and others will be required to act accordingly.

Organizations with charters or Bangor Reform Club should be addressed to the President, and not to the Secretary.

DR. HENRY A. REYNOLDS, President.
HENRY HILL, Secretary. may3 3m

FOR SALE.

A FIRST CLASS FANCY GROCERY STORE with STOCK and FIXTURES, doing the best cash business in the city. Going to see the reason for selling.

Address Box 1419, Bangor

apr30 3m

WE GUARANTEE

THE BEST

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons,

in the market at lower prices and on easier terms than can be bought of any other parties.

Purchasers should have the *facts before buying*, as it is too late to compare prices or goods after you buy.

PATTEN & WHEELDEN,

Main Street, Bangor, Maine

Bangor City Bonds,

For Sale at

FARMER'S NATIONAL BANK,

BANGOR.

may14 3t

TO INVEST.

A SUM OF MONEY has been intrusted to me for investment. First-class real estate security required. F. M. LADIGUN.

may14 3t

New Alewives,

AT YORK'S MARKET, 19 East Market Square.

may14

BOWLER & MERRILL, - - BANKERS,

142 Exchange Street, Bangor.

RECEIVE DEPOSITS and DISCOUNT BUSINESS NOTES, in the same Manner as a NATIONAL BANK. Also Buy and Sell UNITED STATES, STATE, CITY, & TOWN BONDS, GOLD COIN, COUPONS, CANADIAN CURRENCY, FOREIGN DRAFTS, BANK STOCKS, And all Marketable Securities.

Ready to buy or sell Securities on any of the leading markets, upon receipt of order. In order will receive prompt attention. Refer to Bankers and Merchants in this city.

apr30

LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE

Of H. J. PRIEBLE,

No 5 KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE, BANGOR, Maine

may3 3t

MUSIC!!

BANGOR CORNET BAND,

A. D. HARLOW, Leader.

W. H. PRITCHARD, Agent and Treasurer.

apr26 No. 2 State St

Lumbermen and River Drivers.

I am prepared to furnish Small Oxen, Pattern Oars, Peaveys, Shaved Cant-Dog Stocks, Ash Sprung and Maple Fillers and Settles. Please call and see for yourselves, or send your orders early. Also, I am prepared to buy or sell on commission, and will give a small percentage on sales with others before purchasing. All orders will receive my personal attention.

EDMUND FREEMAN

Gilbertville, Me., Feb 19 1875 3 6m

For Sale.

My House, 40 Grove Street, and furniture if desired. Large lot, barn, cow, chicken yard, good water. Big enough for a big family. Must be sold before two months. Reason for leaving town. Call on me at 100 Exchange St.

apr24 M. S. ROBBINS.

Valuable Property for Sale.

The entire Stock of Horses, Wagons, Diggers, Harnesses and other property pertaining to the Truck and Express business of the late firm of Durgin, together with the good will of the concern. It may offer a rare chance for the whole or any part of the above, to anyone who will receive offers at his office, No 6, Franklin St.

The best stand and office business in Bangor can be secured with the above property if wanted.

GEO. A. THATCHER, Assign.

April 21, 1875. 3w

House for Sale.

The valuable BRICK HOUSE and lot with stable, corner of Union and George streets, adjoining the residence of Hon. Josiah Stevens, and fronting the pleasant grounds of the Church Hospital, and lying in the Section Hand Street and Ivy Street, Bangor Street House is good condition, with Furnace, Cement Cellar and Cellar. Very liberal terms of payment will be given on this house, but property is wanted either the first of November, Apr 7 to E. THURSTON or ISAAC S. BRAGG. apr7 tf

Special Notice.

FURS stored for the season, warranted secure from moth and fire injury. A valuation put on every article and fully covered by insurance.

Charges moderate.

THOMAS HERSEY,

may3 3m Fickering Block.

Costiveness the most Prolific Source of Ill Health.

DR. HARRISON'S

PERISTALTIC LOZENGES

Endorsed by all the Medical Journals as the most Agreeable, Convenient, effective and Sure Remedy for

Costiveness, Dyspepsia, Piles.

Pleasant to the palate, can be taken on pain, act promptly, never require increase of dose, do not sicken, and, for delicate persons, and children, are just the thing. Two taken at night move the bowels the once the next morning. Warranted to cure of the PILES and FAILING of the RECTUM. We describe a cure for all Symptoms of DYSPEPSIA, such as OPPRESSION after EATING, SOUR STOMACH, SITTING UP FOOD, PALPITATION, HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, PAIN in the SIDE and LOINS, YELLOWNESS of the SKIN and EYES, SICK HEADACHE, COATED TONGUE, BILIOUSNESS, LIVER COMPLAINT, CONSTIPATION, DIARRHOEA, PAIN and ALL IRREGULARITIES, NERVOUSNESS, &c.

Travellers find the Lozenges just what they need, as they are so compact and handsome that they may be carried in the vest pocket, and as accepted as the entire three lozenges have no equal.

Trial Boxes, 30 cts. Large Boxes, 60 cts. Sent by mail free of Postage to any address.

For sale by E. S. HARRISON & CO., No. 1 Tremont Temple, Boston, and by all druggists.

sept7 3m eodkwly

Steamer City of Richmond.

FIRST TRIP OF THE SEASON,

Commencing Monday, April 19th, 1875.

(Portland, Bangor and Intermediate Landings.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK

Steamer City of Richmond, Capt. Cole, will leave Bangor for Portland, at foot of State street, Portland, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evening, at 8 o'clock, for Bangor, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay.

Returning, will leave Bangor every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at six o'clock, touching at above, arriving in Portland at five o'clock P. M.

For further particulars enquire of

C. M. REYNOLDS, Agent.

Bangor, April 15, 1875.

SPECIAL NOTICE!

SANFORD'S INDEPENDENT LINE.

BETWEEN BANGOR, BOSTON & LOWELL.

Steamer CAMBRIDGE, Capt. [illegible] will run as follows until further notice:

Leave BANGOR for Boston every MONDAY and THURSDAY, at 8 o'clock P. M., touching at all the usual landings each way.

The Steamer ELLENDOR will be withdrawn from the route at Bangor for the present season. Due notice of the Excursion season will be given.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Frankfort to Boston $1.25

To Intermediate points in proportion.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent.

may3

AMUSEMENTS:

Two Grand Entertainments

Held at the Young People's Temperance Society,

At City Hall,

On Monday & Tuesday Evenings,

May 17th and 18th, 1875,

on which occasion Messrs. J. L. WOODBERSON and FRANK GOWEN will appear, supported by seven ladies and gentlemen who are highly recognized. The Entertainment will be an highly interesting one, and should be liberally patronized.

"Fruits of the Wine Cup."

Mr. Hamilton, Mr. J. L. FRANK GOWEN,

To conclude with the Burlesque Woodberson farce of

A Pleasant Neighbor.

Christopher Strapf, MR. J. L. WOODBERSON.

During the evening, ANDREWS' ORCHESTRA, under the direction of Mr. W. E. HODGDON, will perform several new and popular selections.

Tickets 50 cents, to be had of the ladies, or for sale by members of the Society and at the door.

Doors open at 7:30, overture at 8 o'clock.

may8

BORACINE.

The most elegant preparation ever discovered for the HEAD and HAIR. It cures dandruff, scurf, itching, and all humors of the scalp, stops the hair from falling out, restores it to glossy and fragile hair, mild and gentle, prevents it from ever turning gray, is free from all disagreeable odors, and can be used with the utmost safety by young or old, delicate or well. It contains neither lead nor poison.

W. H. ALDEN & CO., Bangor, Maine, wholesale and retail agents.

apr9 6m

City of Bangor.

The Joint Standing Committee of the City Council on Accounts and Claims, will hold sessions at the Aldermen's Room, on the MONDAY preceding the FIRST TUESDAY of each month, during the present municipal year, at 7 o'clock P. M., to hear claims against the City not presented to above, of which notice is given, and to examine such claims, if found correct, and to report thereon.

JOSEPH C. WHITE, Chairman.

All claims presented to the regular meetings of the City Council, for payment of which orders are assigned by the Mayor, will be taken up and acted upon the following THURSDAY.

JOHN E. CROSBY, Treasurer.

In order to insure the prompt payment of bills against the Fire Department, they should be left at the store of the undersigned, No 5 State Street, on or before FRIDAY MORNING of the preceding the FIRST TUESDAY of every month.

By order,

J. BURBANK, Sec'y,
Overseers of the Poor.

Bangor, March 30, 1875. tf

DIED.

In Milford, May 7th, Caroline William Gardenant, aged 38 years and 6 months.

In Garland, May 7th, Rebecca Wilson, the wife of Moses Shinnier, aged 67 years, 1 month, 11 days.

In Exeter, May 11th, Nathaniel H. Shaw, aged 50 years.

We are having Great Success

In selling Ladies' to cloth Boots to Measure

Sure fits guaranteed

THOMAS HERSEY,

may14 Fickering Block, Main St., Bangor.

Cozy Cutting and Sewing Table.

No Lady should fail to see the Cozy Cutting and Sewing Table. It stands firmly, is free from all objectionable features, and is so ingenious that it folds up like a pocket knife and set away. Parties wishing to see this article can have one sent by express, prepaid, direct at the P. O., directed to the undersigned.

C. M. LOTHRIDGE,

may14 1w Goth's Auction House

SALT.

Cargo of SALT from Turks Island, due May 15th

FOR SALE BY

J. C. TOWLE & CO.

may14 2w

LADIES,

Buy your fine Stationery of CHARLES HIGHT. It is cheap from experience, of all grades. A new lot just received, and sold very low. Horsford's Acid Phosphate, Gold Pens and Pencils, and new articles for sale by

may14 CHAS. HIGHT,

3 *Smith Block.*

Portland and Worcester Line.

The shortest and most direct through route between Portland, Nashua, Worcester, Providence, Newport, Hartford, Springfield, Albany, Buffalo, New Haven, and New York.

Steamships Express Trains leave Portland and Boston for Worcester, Portland, at 2:30 P. M. daily, (Sundays excepted) connecting at Worcester with trains from the East via Mount Royal R. R. arriving in New London time for supper on board the elegant steamers of the Norwich Line, and arriving in New York in time for a connectional South and West.

Fare only $11

From Portland or Worcester to Junctions on at Worcester, via Norwich Line.

No change of cars between Portland and New London.

Staterooms can be secured on application on Cars or Trains.

Tickets for sale by PEARL & WEBB, 24 West Market Square.

may14 2w

For Rent.

House 235 French street. Apply to MISS SEVERS, may14 2w Park Street.

NEW BOOKS.

Chemistry of Light and Photography, Recreations in Science, Science and Life, Lessons in Electricity, Evolution Philosophy, by Cazelles, Natural History of Man, Health in Spring and Summer, Science of Music, by Lesley Taylor, Religion and Science, by Prof. Chas. W. Shields, Lessons in Rhyme, by same, with other new books just in.

may14 *D. BUGBEE & CO.*

U. S. REVISED STATUTES.

New Edition, for sale by

apr30 F. & W. G. BURPEE

CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS,

At Sweet's Drug Store,

Masonic Corner, Main Street.

BECKWITH'S FLORAL FERTILIZER,

For Plants and Flowers, at SWEET'S DRUG STORE, Masonic Corner, Main St.

apr24

The Black Hills

May be a good place to go to for gold in the rough, but if you want the article ready to go into jewelry in an artistic manner, call at 50 Hammond Street, opposite the Court House.

Repairing done also.

apr23 *EBEN STEVENS.*

A FULL STOCK

OF

CARPETINGS,

AND

ROOM PAPERS

AND

Driving Corks

For sale cheap by

E. H. FOGG,

47 West Market Square.

Bangor, April 6, 1875. 6Aw

CARRIAGES.

A large assortment of CARRIAGES, Carts, &c., for sale cheap, at the BANGOR BAZAAR. Call and examine before buying elsewhere.

H. W. DURGIN.

may14 Bazaar

New Music.

Received by E. F. & W. G. BURPEE.

House to Rent.

No. 53 Court Street. Nine Rooms. Call on E. S. DOW.

may13 1w

House for Rent.

Six finished rooms (four of which face the street). Also a room. Enquire of Chas. Dickey, 17 Ohio St., or Wm. P. Dickey, Broad St.

may13

DR. WALTER L. HUNT,

A Graduate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of New York City,

Having entered the practice rendered vacant by the decease of DR. NASON, will attend professionally at Mrs. Nason's house, near the Bridge. Office hours—to 9 A. M., 2 to 4 P. M.

may13 dawtwtfsat

HISTORY OF MAINE.

WANTED AGENTS in every town to canvass for *The History of Maine*," from the earliest period to the present time, by *John S. C. Abbott*. A new book of lively interest to every citizen. The work is complete in one handsome volume, illustrated and published at a price within reach of the people. A rare chance for a first-class canvasser.

B. B. RUSSELL, Publisher, Boston.

may14 4w&w

Wanted.

A capable Girl to do general housework. Apply at 100 Essex street.

may13

LINCOLN TROTTING PARK

GRAND OPENING.

PURSES $600.

There will be a grand opening of the Lincoln Trotting Park, at Lincoln,

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, June 15th & 16th,

on which occasion the following purses will be given:

FIRST DAY.

No 1—Purse of $115, for horses that have never beaten 2:40. $60 to the first, $35 to the second, $15 to the third.

No 2—Purse of $105, for horses that have never beaten 2:30. $60 to the first, $35 to the second, $10 to the third.

SECOND DAY.

No 3—Purse of $105, for horses that have never beaten 2:40. $60 to the first, $35 to the second, $10 to the third.

No 4—Purse of $200, open to all horses. $120 to the first, $50 to the second, $30 to the third.

The above races are to be best 5 in 5 to harness, to be trotted under the National rules. Entrance fee, ten per cent., must accompany all nominations, to be forwarded to Chas. H. Allen, Lincoln, Penobscot Co., Maine, on or before the 10th of June, 1875.

Arrangements will be made over all Railroads at greatly reduced rates.

may12 1w

DRIED CHERRIES

For Pies, Puddings and sauce.

JUST RECEIVED

CHARLES DWINEL.

may12

DRIED PEACHES, Best quality, at

may12 *CHAS. DWINEL'S.*

PRUNELLES, just received by

may12 *CHAS. DWINEL.*

PRUNES, a fresh lot just in at

may12 *CHAS. DWINEL'S.*

Shaker Dried Apple,

of the best quality.

CHARLES DWINEL,

may12 190 Exchange St.

Terrible Slaughter

IN

Harnesses, Trunks,

Ladies' and Gents' Travelling Bags

AND VALISES,

At 10 Central Street

C. O. SAWTELLE.

may12 tf

WRINGERS.

No one need look more for the best CLOTHES WRINGER in market, when they can find that

UNIVERSAL WRINGER Improved,

At Hill's Stove Store,

No. 11, Granite Block,

Selling cheap for cash

may8

1875. 1875.

ALEWIVES,

(And the Best of Wives we are after.)

And that is why they come street from St. John and Digby and sell us the lowest price for the finest quality and fifty thousand, and not to be outsold by any one. Great salmon, Halibut, Cod, Haddock, Pickerel, Smelts, Mackerel, Herring, Clams, Oysters, Lobsters, Fresh Fish for Cunard and City steamers. Fresh Haddock and Halibut, and all kinds of Fresh and Salt Fish for Country and City customers. Highest price for shipping and retail.

M. T. BICKFORD.

N. B. Not to be beat, Kc.

may7 2w

A FULL LINE

OF THOSE

Celebrated Bristol

NEW YORK BOOTS,

FOR LADIES AND MISSES,

Made on the McCollister Last. The best fitting boot manufactured

For sale only by

BUZZELL & SHAW,

20 Main Street.

apr21

Wanted Immediately.

100 men and women to take orders for our popular works, Zelle Knox's novels, Zelle's Detective Head, Arts of the World, Centennial Gleanings, &c. &c.

Call on or address,

F. A. LUCE,

No. 7 Smith Block, Bangor, Me.

may5 1w

CALL AND SEE

The best assortment of

GENTS' BOOTS & SHOES

IN THE CITY, at

BUZZELL & SHAW'S,

20 Main Street.

apr21

CANT DOGS

AND

Driving Corks

For sale cheap by

E. H. FOGG,

47 West Market Square.

Bangor, April 6, 1875. 6Aw

CARRIAGES.

A large assortment of CARRIAGES, Carts, &c., for sale cheap, at the BANGOR BAZAAR. Call and examine before buying elsewhere.

H. W. DURGIN.

may14 Bazaar

New Music.

Received by E. F. & W. G. BURPEE.

J. T. RINES & CO.

Will Open THIS DAY, a New Stock of

Lyons Black Silks,

AND

SPRING DRESS GOODS.

These Goods were bought last week for cash on the continent, and will be sold less than Wholesale.

Come and See Them.

may14

FOR 30 DAYS!

As I am about to leave Bangor, I shall, for the next thirty days, close out my entire Stock of Fixtures and Stoves that will suit the trade. As the time are hard, I shall be able to sell their GROCERIES for the summer. Tried coffee in 10 lb. lots, at 25 cts.

may14 dawtfsat

CHINA TEA STORE,

51 West Market Square.

W. H. ADAMS, Proprietor.

may14

LADIES' WALKING SHOES,

Button, Tie and Buckle, All the Fashionable Shades

AT WOOD'S.

may14

Gan's Imported French Shoes,

For Gentlemen. The Best Shoe in the Market.

At WOOD'S.

may14

CARRIAGE MATS,

A large lot Medium and Small Sizes, Cheap at

WOODS.

may14

NEW STORE & NEW GOODS.

SAMUEL B. STONE, JR., & CO.,

are located at No. 3 Main Street, where they have just put in a NEW FRESH stock of seasonable goods, and will be sold correspondingly low.

We shall be glad to see all our old customers, and many new ones.

Remember, No. 5 is the Place to Buy Dry Goods

CHEAP FOR CASH

SAM'L B. STONE, JR., & CO.

may12

THE SUREST!

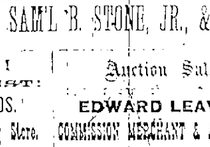
BUY THE BEST:

VICK'S FLOWER SEEDS.

4 Smith Block—Barlow's Drug Store.

may12

THE BARGAIN



SHOE

STORE

HEADQUARTERS

for

Boot and Shoe Business.

The best place in Bangor to buy them.

Latest Styles Soft & Silk Hats received every week.

may12

F. A. CURTIS,

No. 2 Strickland's Block

KENDUSKEAG BRIDGE.

Bangor, May 7, 1875.

Those Choice and Reliable

FLOWER SEEDS,

Raised by itself

ALBERT NOYES

Bangor, April 5, 1875

JUST RECEIVED

CARRIAGE COUPLER SETS

And Base Balls.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Pistols, Guns, &c. repaired at

may3 DANIEL WHITE'S.

EASTERN BELLE

AND

INDIAN QUEEN.

A limited number of Tickets of Trade of the above articles are now for the first time offered for sale. Being Seedlings of the State, it is thought they will prove more hardy than many other varieties. The Eastern Belle has received the Silver Medal of the Horticultural Society of Massachusetts, Diplomas, Premiums and Great Praise, where exhibited.

Eastern Belle, seed three years old each, $5.00
Indian Queen, seed two years old each, $5.00
Eastern Belle, Second, 50 cents each, $3.00 per doz.
Indian Queen, Second, 50 cents each, $3.00 per doz.

Orders accompanied by cash will receive prompt attention.

HENRY McLAUGHLIN,

may9 Bangor, Maine.

For Sale or Exchange for Property

Whig and Courier.

FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1875.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MAINE NEWS.

FROM NEWPORT

Fire at Atkinson

[SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE WHIG AND COURIER.]

NEWPORT, May 13. I learn via Dexter that the buildings of Samuel Whitcomb, of Atkinson, were burned this afternoon; no insurance. M. A. R.

FROM PORTLAND

The Suspended Bank

PORTLAND, May 13. The statement of W. N. Goodell, private banker, made this afternoon shows liabilities of $81,670 of which $72,400 is due depositors, assets $88,717, of which about $31,000 is due from other banks, $2,000 banking paper, $1,000 real estate, $2,200 stock and mortgage, $2,500 personal property; deficiency $12,931. He proposes to place the property in the hands of the trustees for the benefit of creditors to examine.

Municipal Matters—Hitch in the Filling of the Office of Liquor Agent

The Board of Aldermen to-night will have a contested liquor agent. But the word coming that the mayor had refused to appoint the gentleman elected, his friends refused to proceed with the election, which he declared illegal and entered a protest.

The appropriations for the financial year ending March 31, 1875, were $1,730,286 90; expenditures $1,607,030 48.

FROM CALAIS

Chinese Deacons Ordained

CALAIS, May 13. The Methodist Conference here to-day ordained six Chinese deacons.

DROWNED

PORTLAND, May 13. A dispatch to the Press from Bucksport says that Joseph Bradford, fifty-four years old, was drowned yesterday while on a small pleasure boat.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

A TERRIBLE TRAGEDY

An Aged Mother and Her Sick Son Murdered!

Particulars of the Horrible Affair.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., May 13. A most horrible tragedy came to light here this morning. A little after one o'clock William H. Russell, forty-eight years of age, a widower with two children, went to his father's house, near the depot, came down stairs, and said the words of an important character to his brother, who was sitting by the couch of a sick brother, Clinton Russell, nineteen years old, for a long and deadly attack, upon him with a hatchet, cutting him terribly on the head and neck fourteen times. He will not probably survive. The mother, who is sixty-two years old, resides with the sick boy, he the tabbed in a terrible manner, her skull and several of her head nearly from the body with his knife. She lived but a quarter of an hour. His father, Theodore Russell, eighty-three years old, and brother Lewis, thirty-five years old, rushed in and attempted to capture him. The father was in his night clothes, and received a dangerous scalp wound, and the brother was badly cut and bruised. The wounded Lewis ran for the Newburyport jail. He was in town yesterday and purchased drugs with which to drug his children, who he said he intended to bring the family. He had also been drinking, but he was decidedly rather than intoxicated. He had previously threatened the lives of the family.

The Inquest in Session

The coroner's jury and inquest in session on the body of Mrs. Theodore Russell, killed by her son William this morning. Physicians testified to the cut off in both the hands and in the skull. The evidence went to show that the murderer had been in a drinking and excited state for some time and labored under the impression that somebody was attempting to poison him. He was in the city during yesterday, returned at 6 o'clock and will be sent to his room at 10 o'clock. Did not go to sleep. His father says he was strange and will in his appearance during the evening but he appears to have made very little or no impression.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The Contested Election Cases.

CONCORD, N. H., May 13. The Governor and Council met at 9 o'clock this morning according to adjournment when Counsellor Lord moved that the question involved in the senatorial question be referred to the Judges of the Supreme Court for their opinion. Counsellor Clark moved to lay the motion on the table, which was lost. The motion was then adopted after which the Council adjourned to Monday next at 10 o'clock. Otherwise that the Governor be instructed to get such advice as the circumstances may admit. The amendment was adopted and the motion as amended was agreed to. Adjourned till 10 o'clock on Monday afternoon next.

CONDENSED DESPATCHES

Ogdensburg, N. Y., has elected a Democratic Mayor.

Whiskey seizures were made yesterday at Cincinnati, and Baltimore.

The condition of General Buckner does was unchanged yesterday. There is no immediate danger of his death.

The report that the steamer Colorado has burned on Lake Michigan Tuesday night is false.

About sixty weavers of the Kittenden woolen mill at Paterson, N. J., are on a strike.

The house of Loring Gardner, in Perry, was destroyed by fire yesterday and everything lost. No insurance.

It is very generally understood that C. C. Sheats, sixth Auditor of the Treasury Department, has been requested to resign.

The National Convention G. A. R. convened in Chicago Wednesday. Nearly 100 delegates were present representing 15 states.

James Doggett, who murdered Rosenbrian in Philadelphia Saturday night, was captured at Vineland, N. J., Tuesday night.

The President has addressed an autograph letter to the newly-elected President of Honduras, assuring him of the friendship of the United States.

Secretary Bristow has accepted an invitation to deliver an address at the decoration of the graves of Union soldiers at Louisville, Ky., on the 29th inst.

The inquest upon the body of Thomas M. P. Winfield, who died in Portland recently, resulted in the discharge of Lama who was charged with his murder.

The Brooklyn Eagle says Ex-Senator Nye of Nevada, is confined at Sandford Hall Lunatic Asylum, at Flushing, L. I., and is not allowed to go out without an attendant.

The names of the Indian chiefs on the way to Washington are, as follows: Red Cloud, Little Mound, American Horse, Shoulder, Conquering Bear, Sitting Bull, Iron Horse, Black Bear, Pawnee Killer, Red Wound, Tall Canoe, Fast Thunder, Spotted Tail, Sitting Bear, Crow Dog, Crazy in the Lodge, He Dog and Kicking Thunder.

NEW JERSEY

The Strike.

NEW YORK, May 13. The laborers at the Delaware and Lackawanna tunnel in Jersey City, who struck for higher wages two weeks ago, returned to work yesterday, having failed to attain their object. The leaders of the strike have been reduced ten cents per day and were notified that if they did not submit to this reduction other men would be at once employed in their places by the contractors.

THE BROOKLYN TRIAL

The Evidence All In

Evarts and Porter Finish Up a Week in Summing Up.

The Court Adjourned Wednesday.

About Mr Beecher

BROOKLYN, May 13. It is expected that Beecher will be placed on the stand on the rebuttal today. Mr Beecher came down from his firm, Pecksniff firm, this morning and walked up to his house on Columbia Heights, let his large clerk and valet in the hall, (and accompanied with his wife) instantly set out for the Sanitarium. The great pastor looked much refreshed after his week's stay in the country. He circulated around amongst the audience, shaking with the Plymouth church people and others.

Criticising a Tribune Article

Shortly after 11 o'clock Mr. Fullerton rose and said he wanted to call his honor's attention to the editorial article in the New York Tribune commenting "As usual the Beecher trial was delivered yesterday by an exhibition of legal blackguardism." The article quotes the question put to Mrs. Livingston by Shearman and her reply. It also quotes the question put by Mr. Fullerton to her and then Mr. Fullerton turning and excited in anger to Fullerton, who was at the moment in the chair, and then quotes his reply, "Well you can't get it again if you like Mr. Livingston but I forget you are a lady, others will be apt to forget it." The writer of the article the counsel remarked, evidently forget that he (Fullerton) was not examining Mrs. Livingston. He could not imagine why she addressed him and thought it a piece of impudence. He had never quoted, or intended to address him in public court room.

Judge Neilson—Regret exceedingly that such an incident should happen. I remember the occasion and I regret it. Mrs. Livingston should have other forgotten her duties to make the remark she did.

Mr Fullerton—Mrs. Livingston undoubtedly discovered her mistake, for she apologized.

Judge—To say that this trial is characterized as such or in any other way by blackguardism, is an unpardonable offence. I never saw such a lady contested trial in which the counsel treated each other and witness so courteously. I considering that the conduct of the editor as an unpardonable offence and I calls for a rebuke from me.

Mr Evarts remarked that the press had much too much of the matter and what was justified was not a fair report. Mr. Shearman was examining a witness and Mr Fullerton was preparing to cross-examine, was waiting for the close. Observing the distrustful look in Fullerton's face she addressed the remark to him. She apologized and there the thing should have ended.

Calvin J. Mills Called.

After a discussion over a word claimed to be wrong in the printed report Calvin J. Mills, editor of the Brooklyn Standard, was sworn and an argument ensued over the question whether it was right for to recall and examine Mr. Woodhull's testimony, he had that article. The prosecution threatening to introduce other witnesses on this point Mills was not examined on the point.

Henry C Bowen Recalled

Henry C. Bowen was recalled for the defense. He refuted that he had no recollection of sending Dr. Leggitt to the house. He called on Beecher with the letter and read out letter. He had no recollection of calling Frankstone. I may think that he adopted daughter of Tilton and had been in the habit of her bed by Tilton and carried to Elevan. He is positive that not a single word was said at the arbitration about nursing papers or returning the Woodstock letter to him. It was two days after the arbitration between him and Tilton that the meeting, was said about the Woodstock letter.

In Tilton—after his interview with Beecher at the request of his house he went home. He was not later than half past nine. He was then at the Priparitic agreement had been signed that evening. He said nothing at the Beecher about the Woodstock letter. One of the arbitrators, Charles Storrs called at his office and said "I have good news for you." The Woodstock letter be returned to you." Witness said "I am glad of it" and Storrs handed it to him and he put it in his safe. It was an unconditional surrender.

Frankstone Recalled

Edward Frankstone recalled for the defense—He said he was last in the court he was a lecturer, author and clergyman now living in Brooklyn. He recollects that he delivered a letter from Mr. Bowen to Beecher in December 1870. He knew Elizabeth Tilton because his father told him he would find a friend at the house and Beecher was not to be found. He said he was in the employ of Bowen in 1870. On the 20th of December of that year he was at Bowen's house and saw Bowen about 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Bowen told the best of his recollection told him he had a letter in his pocket to deliver to Beecher. Witness saw Bowen the same evening, about 8 o'clock and Bowen said to him that Beecher should be removed. He said that Tilton had been removed. He said that was the man in the world, and Mrs. Tilton's mother, to be served before her time. Bowen also said Beecher had told him horrible things about Tilton, and to the best of his knowledge and belief it was on that day Bowen told him that Beecher had told him to him about Tilton's carriage, and adopted daughter from his bed to his own.

Horace B. Claflin Recalled

Horace B. Claflin was recalled and said he was one of the arbitrators in April 1872. No such paper as "submission" now shown him was drawn up by Moulton or Beecher that night. On the way home that night someone remarked we must get the Woodstock letter. Chas. Storrs another of the arbitrators handed him the "submission" which Bowen swore was drawn up by Moulton at the arbitration and signed by himself and Tilton. The witness never saw it at paper before. It was he who delivered the Woodstock letter to Bowen.

The defense offered to prove that the conversation between Storrs and Bowen, in which the latter made a reference to the Woodstock letter, referred to something else.

The Judge said if he allowed that the plaintiff might call another witness to contradict Storrs, and the defence another to confirm him and then he might have the Woodstock letter in to-morrow afternoon (laughter).

Mr Evarts excepted to the ruling.

After the witness had gone back to his place among the audience, the cross-examining having closed. Shearman asked him whether Bowen said in his presence that he would take no step until the matter was submitted in writing and could it be said and the paper drawn up without his knowledge?

That's objected to came simultaneously from ex-Judge Morris, who was standing near the door, and Beach, who was sitting before the witness chair, and the audience laughed.

The question was allowed, and witness answered he didn't think it would.

George W. Usher Called.

George W. Usher testified that he was the owner of the house in Clinton street in which Moulton lived in 1871, and used to visit there. He recollected seeing the portrait of Henry Ward Beecher in the parlor of that house in May 1871, and previously.

Gossip

After the cross-examination the Court took a recess, the Judge remarking, "return at 2 o'clock for the last time, gentlemen." During the recess a little boy approached Mr. Beecher with the request to give him his autograph in a book. The Plymouth pastor with his usual courtesy, complied, and taking the book in his hand, dropped it on the nearest table, which happened to be one just vacated by Beech, who had gone in quest of his useless hat. Mr Beech returned for his overcoat and found the autograph was using his pen and letter. They shook hands and exchanged pleasantries in a friendly way. It is expected that the defence will close about 5 o'clock, and that the court will then adjourn to a week from Monday. Judge Neilson and the plaintiff are the only two persons connected with the trial, who have the vitality to spare. The Judge usually enters ten minutes before the time and Tilton regularly 30 minutes. The counsel all come in early and walk slowly as if the business was one of which they were heartily tired. They are evidently of the opinion that they are anxious for a termination of the trial.

Mr. Beecher came in after recess in apparently better spirits than for some time past, and shook hands with some acquaintances, and then he took a newspaper-clipping out of his pocket book and hand it to Mr Evarts. Just then Mr. Beech, who was sitting near, was crowding past Beecher, and the latter turned around, and with a smile laid his hand on counsel and passed him along. There was another exchange of pleasantries. This incident was witnessed with interest by the audience, who were pleased to notice how well these men understood that Beech and Beecher, professionally, are the defendant's greatest scorchers, yet their relations, outside of cross-examination, and yet there need not be a slight at personal hostility between them.

Beecher Caldwell Called.

At 2 the Judge asked the defence if there were any more witnesses.

Mr Evarts—We have, your honor.

Judge—Really I think it is would be good time and plan to rest.

Mr Fullerton—There is no hurry for the wicked.

Wallace H. Caldwell, one of the deacons of Plymouth church and one of the gentlemen who attend to seating of visitors testified that he visited Moulton's house in Clinton street in the early part of 1871. He thinks in February Moulton was sick and witness was watching there, he was in the parlor and saw an oil painting there right opposite the door, at the time Mr. Shearman informed the Court that the painting had been taken down and sent by messenger for the purpose of making witness, and if he did not see it in a few minutes the jury would think so.

The Prosecution call Bowen's Son

Henry Bowen, the young man called John H. Bowen son of Henry C. Bowen. He testified that he was at school in Brooklyn. He recollects that he delivered a letter from his father to Beecher in December 1870. He knew Frankstone. Frankstone told him he would find a friend at the house and Beecher was not to be found. He was not in the habit of delivering letters. He was not in the habit of receiving letters. He was not in the habit of receiving letters. He was not in the habit of receiving

THE PRISONER TO HIS SWALLOW.

FROM THE ITALIAN OF GROSSI.

Pilgrim swallow, skimming fleet
Past my window, radiant blue,
With thy gladsome song and sweet
Every morning greeting new,
Tell thee story thou wouldst tell,
Swallow, with thy ritornelle?

Modrnest thou, like me, poor bird,
For thy mate far, far away?
Little widow! all unheard
Is the pathos of thy lay.
Sure by me—I feel too well
The anguish of thy ritornelle!

Less unhappy far thou art,
Thou on darting wings can'st rise,
Skim the lake and search the sky,
Fill the sad air with thy cries,
All day long thy griefs and ills,
Swallow, with thy ritornelle!

And could I fly with thee!
Leave this prison where I pine,
Whence the air is barred to me,
Where no blessed sun may shine
Scarcely to my dreary cell,
Swallow, comes thy ritornelle!

And I languish, pinched and pale,
While thou float'st o'er the grass,
For September draweth near,
To seek out other lands than these
Great there for me, greet them well,
Swallow, with thy ritornelle!

And each day my weary eyes
Through a chink of bars at all gaze
At the snowy winter skies,
Longing for the summer days,
Toiling back what I have well,
Swallow, thy dear ritornelle!

In the spring a dress of white
I will wear there, to the grass
In the circling country flight,
So, as thou by that heedless pass!
Then of joy alone shall tell,
Swallow, thy low ritornelle!!

AN ELECTRO MECHANICAL ROMANCE.

CHAPTER V

ALMOST TRIPPED UPON

It was very singular how absent-minded and inattentive the operator was that day. She sent that order for flowers to the butchers and Mrs. Robinson's message about the baby's croup went to old Mr Simonins, the bachelor lodger at the gambrel-roofed house.

No wonder she was disturbed. Would the new line work? Would her pickle-for battery be strong enough for such a great circuit? Would she be able to close it? The people began to assemble for the train. The clock pointed to the hour for its arrival.

"He cometh not," she said. Then she began to be little tearful. The people left the waiting room, and went out on the plat-form, and the place was deserted and silent. She listened intently. There was nothing save the murmur of the voices outside, and the irritating tick of the clock.

Suddenly, with startling distinctness the bell rang clear and loud in the echoing room. With a little cry of delight she put on her dainty hat and ran in haste out upon the plat-form. The little people stared at her flushed and rosy face, and she turned away and walked toward the water-tank. Not a thing in sight! What did it mean?

Ah! The whistle broke loud and shrill on the cool, crisp air, and 59 appeared round the curve in the woods. The splendid monster slid swiftly up to her feet and paused.

"Perfect John! Perfect! If works to a charm!"

With a spring she reached the cab and sat down on the tremulous seat.

"Bless! I could tell what he was going to do," said Dick. "He told me about it. Awful bright idea! You see, he laid the picker on the reverse brake there and it hit the tree clean, and I saw the wires touch. It was just grand!"

The happy moments sped, and 59 groaned and slowly departed, while Kate stood on the plat-form, her face wreathed in smiles and white steam.

So the lovers met each day, and none knew how she was made aware of his approach with such absolute certainty. Science applied to love, or rather love applied to science, can move the world.

Two whole weeks passed, and then there suddenly arrived at the station, late one evening, a special with the directors aboard. The honorable directors were hangry—they always are—and wanted to eat on their journey and take a cup of tea and a bit of supper. The honorables and their wives and children filled the station, and the place put on quite a gala aspect. As for Kate, she demurely sat in her desk, book in hand, and over its unread pages admired the gay party in the brightly-lighted waiting room.

Suddenly, with furious rattle, her electric bell sprang into noisy life. Every spark of color left her face, and her book fell with a dull slam to the floor. What was it? What did it mean? Who rang it?

With the startled face she brushed though the astonished people and out upon the snow-covered plat-form. There stood the directors, fixed upon the tracks of the oncoming engine.

"The conductor! Where is he? Oh, dear! Start! Start! Get to the siding. The express! The express! coming!"

With a cry, she snatched a lantern from a breakman's hand, and in a flash was gone. They saw her light pitching and dancing through the darkness, and they were lost in wonder and amazement. "The girl is crazy! No train is due now! There can be no danger. She must be—"

Ah! That horrible whistle! Such a wild shriek on the winter's night! The men sprang to the train, and the women and children fled in frantic terror to every direction.

"Run for your lives," screamed the conductor. "There's a smash-up coming!"

A short, sharp scream from the whistle. The headlight glared red on the snow-covered track, and there was a mad rush of sliding wheels, and grinding engine roared like a demon. The great 59 slowly drew near and stopped in the woods. A hundred heads looked out, and a stalwart figure leaped from the engine and ran on in the bright glare of the headlight.

"Kate!"

"Oh! John! I—"

She fell into his arms speechless and white and the lantern dropped from her nerveless hand.

They took her up tenderly and took her to the station-house and laid her on the sofa in the ladies' room. With hushed voices they gathered round to offer aid and comfort. Who was she? How did she save the train? How did she know it was approaching?

"She is my daughter," said the old station-master. "She tends the telegraph."

The President of the railroad, his gold-bowed spectacles, drew near. One gracious lady in silk and satin pillowed Kate's head on her breast. They all gathered near to scoff—she sure lived. She opened her eyes and gazed about dreamily, as if in search of something.

"Do you wish anything, my dear?" said the President, taking her hand.

"Some water, if you please, sir—and I want—I want——"

They handed her some wine in a silver goblet. She sipped a little, and then looked among the strange faces as if in search of some one.

"Are you looking for any one, miss?"

"Yes—no—it is no matter. Thank you ma'am. I feel better. I sprained my foot on the sleepers when I ran down the track. It is not severe, and I'll step."

They were greatly pleased to see her recover, and a quiet buzz of conversation filled the room. How did she know it? How could she tell the special was chasing us? Good Heavens! If she had not known it, what an awful loss of life there would have been! It was very careless in the superintendent to follow our train in such a reckless manner.

"You feel better my dear," said the President.

"Yes, sir, thank you. I'm sure I'm thankful. I know John—I mean the engine was coming."

"You can not be more grateful than we are to you for averting such a disastrous collision."

"I'm sure, I am pleased, sir. I never thought the telegraph——"

She paused abruptly.

"What telegraph?"

"I'd rather not tell, sir."

"But you will tell us how you knew the engine was coming?"

"Must you know?"

"We ought to know in order to reward you properly."

She put her hand in a gesture of refusal and was silent. The President and directors consulted together, and two of them came to her and briefly said that they would be glad to know how she had been made aware of the approaching danger.

"Well, sir, if John is willing, I will tell you all."

John Mills, engineer, was called, and he came in, cap in hand, and the entire company gathered round in the greatest eagerness.

Without the slightest affectation, she put her hand on John's grimy arm, and said:

"Shall I tell them, John? They wish to know about it. It saved their lives, they say."

"And mine, too," said John, reverently.

"You had best tell them, or let alone."

She sat down again, and then and there John explained how the open circuit line had been built, how it was used, and frankly told why it had been erected.

Never did story create profounder sensation. The gentlemen shook hands with him, and the President actually kissed her for the company. A real corporation kiss, loud and hearty. The ladies fell upon her neck, and actually cried over the splendid girl. Even the children pulled her dress, and put their arms about her neck, and kissed away the happy tears that covered her cheeks.

Poor child! She was covered with confusion and knew not what to say or do, and looked imploringly to John. He drew near, and proudly took her hand in his, and she brushed away the tears and smiled.

The gentlemen suddenly seemed to have found something vastly interesting to talk about, for they gathered in a knot in the corner of the room. Presently the President said aloud:

"Gentlemen and directors, you must pardon me, and I hope the ladies will do the same, if I call you to order for a brief matter of business."

There was a sudden hush, and the room now packed to suffocation, was painfully quiet.

"The Secretary will take minutes of this meeting."

The Secretary sat down at Kate's desk, and then there was a little pause.

"Mr. President!"

Every eye was turned to a comely where a grayhaired gentleman had mounted a chair.

"Mr. President."

"Dr Graves, Director of the State, gentlemen."

"I beg leave, sir, to offer a resolution."

Then he began to read from a slip of paper.

"Whereas John Mills, engineer of engine No 49, of this railway line, erected a private telegraph, and whereas, he with the assistance of the telegraph operator of this station (I have a blank for her name), used the said line without the consent of this company, and for other than the railway business.

"It is resolved, that he be suspended permanently from his position as engineer, and that the said operator be requested to resign——"

A murmur of disapprobation filled the room, but the President commanded silence, and the state Director went on

"resign her place.

"It is further resolved, and is hereby ordered that the John Mills be and is appointed chief engineer of the new repair shop at Slawson."

A tremendous cheer broke from the assembled company, and the resolution was passed with a shout of assent.

How it all ended they never knew. It seemed like a dream, and they could not believe it true until they stood home in the winter's night on the track beside the glorious 59. The slow cars the engine had brought up had been joined to the train, and 59 had been rolled out on the siding. With many hand-shakings for John, and hearty kisses for Kate, and a round of parting cheers for the two, the train had sped away. The lifers had dispersed, and none lingered about the abandoned station save the lovers. 59 would stay that night on the siding, and they had walked up the track to hold a long farewell.

For a few moments they stood in the glide of the great lamp, and then he quickly put it out, and left the giant to breathe away its fiery life in gentle clouds of white steam. As for the lovers they had no need of a light. The winter's stars shone upon them, and the calm cold night seemed a praise below.

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By Purchasing Tickets (all Rail)

To Canada, Detroit, Chicago, St. Paul, and all parts of Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Minnesota, Texas, Nevada, and California.

Grand Trunk Railway.

This Road has now received its steel rails, gauge narrowed to American standard, new locomotives and freight, passenger, parlor and sleeping cars, fare lessened, time quicker than any other route.

Pullman Cars run through from Portland to Chicago without change. Passengers obliged to go through Boston can now procure tickets here via New York for all principal points, Detroit, and Chicago, at less rates than any other office.

Call and see for yourselves, at the ticket office, Agency, 222 Water Market Square.

D. W. CLOWES, Agent.

Bangor, March 26th, 1875 dtwdm

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

Poultney, Vermont

Established in 1828.

RUGGLES & CO., Proprietors.

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SLATE MACHINERY A SPECIALTY

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WANTED

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HENRY S. BROWN,

sept2 3 Exch 35 State Street.

Notice of Assignee of His Appointment.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Maine. In the matter of WILLIAM E. CURTIS, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. At Rockland, the 6th day of April, A. D. 1875. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of William E. Curtis of Camden, in said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon petition of his Creditors, by the District Court of said District, filed March 15th, 1875.

ROBERT W. MESSER, Assignee.

apr3 3w

In the District Court of the United States for the District of Maine. In Bankruptcy. In the matter of JOSEPH H. VICKERY, Bankrupt.

At Portland, in said District, on the 7th day of April, A. D. 1875.

DISTRICT OF MAINE, ss. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Joseph H. Vickery, of Troy, in said District, adjudged bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, representing that he has settled with all his creditors, and praying that the full discharge of Bankruptcy against him may be granted, and that proceedings under the Petition filed against him to be adjudged Bankrupt may be stayed; and a petition for hearing has been granted, and that the first Monday of June next, at 10 o'clock A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE, Clerk of the Dist. Court for said District.

apr10 dtSwkwhite

District Court of the United States, District of Maine.

In the matter of HENRY W. WHITE, Bankrupt. IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 7th day of May, 1875, by Henry W. White, of Vassalboro, formerly of Skowhegan, in the county of Somerset, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of White & Bilsh, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of July, A.D. 1875, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Somerset Reporter, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE, Clerk of District Court for said District.

may11 dtSwkwhite

District Court of the United States, District of Maine

In the matter of GEORGE BLISH, Bankrupt. IN BANKRUPTCY.

This is to give notice that a petition has been presented to the Court, this 7th day of May, 1875, by George Blish, of Vassalboro, formerly of Skowhegan, in the county of Somerset, a Bankrupt, individually and as a member of the firm of White & Blish, praying that he may be decreed to have a full discharge from all his debts, individual and copartnership, provable under the Bankrupt Act, and upon reading said petition,

It is ordered by the Court that a hearing be had upon the same, on the first Monday of July, A.D. 1875, before the Court in Portland, in said District, at 10 o'clock A. M., and that notice thereof be published in the Bangor Daily Whig and Courier, and the Somerset Reporter, newspapers printed in said District, once a week for three successive weeks, and once in the Weekly Bangor Courier, the last publication to be thirty days at least before the day of hearing, and that all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may appear at said time and place, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted.

WM. P. PREBLE, Clerk of District Court for said District.

may11 dtSwkwhite

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

ÆTNA

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN

Gross Assets, December 31st, 1874,

$20,657,603.56.

Total Liabilities, December 31st, 1874,

$17,807,638.00.

Surplus, [New York Standard,]

$2,849,965.56.

Annual Income,

$6,068,698.63.

Policies Issued in 1874, **9710,** insuring

$15,182,309.00.

The ÆTNA has over 50,000 members, and has paid to policy holders over $24,000,000. This large business has been conducted at an expense of only 8 7-10 per cent of the annual income. The interest receipts of the Company for the past year, amounting to $1,400,000, exceeded the death losses by nearly $200,000, and show an average of about EIGHT PER CENT on the Company's ENTIRE ASSETS at the current market value.

These are important considerations for the insuring public, for the expense of a life policy depends mainly upon the *expense of management* and *mortuary losses of assets*, all the *savings* and *profits* on participating policies being returned to policy holders annually by this Company.

The Ætna issues every desirable form of policy, adapted to every age and calling. SAVE MONEY, and give your family unquestionable security by calling upon an agent of the OLD ÆTNA before insuring your life.

A. G. DEWEY, General Agent,

PORTLAND.

L. T. BEAN, Ass't General Agent,

BANGOR, MAINE

Circulars giving full particulars, and any information on the subject of Life Insurance, will be cheerfully furnished by calling upon the undersigned or any of the Company's agents.

1 1 1